Joint Release

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Office of the Comptroller of the Currency Office of Thrift Supervision

For immediate release February 6, 2004

Bank and Thrift Agencies Publish Proposed Rulemaking Regarding the Community Reinvestment Act

The federal bank and thrift regulatory agencies today published in the Federal Register a joint interagency notice of proposed rulemaking (NPR) regarding the Community Reinvestment Act (CRA).

CRA directs the agencies to assess an insured depository institution's record of meeting the credit needs of its entire community, and to consider that record when acting on certain applications for branches, office relocations, mergers, consolidations and other corporate activities. The NPR is the product of an interagency review of the CRA regulations that fulfilled the commitment the agencies made when they adopted the current CRA regulations in 1995 to review the regulations to determine whether they were producing objective, performance-based CRA evaluations without imposing undue burden on institutions.

The proposed rulemaking, which is being published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and the Office of Thrift Supervision, underscores the agencies' conclusion that the CRA regulations are essentially sound, but need to be updated to keep pace with changes in the financial services industry.

This proposed rule was developed following the agencies' review of the CRA regulations, which included an analysis of about four hundred comments received on the Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking.

The agencies are proposing amendments to the CRA regulations in two areas.

First, to reduce unwarranted burden consistent with the agencies' ongoing efforts to identify and reduce regulatory burden, the agencies are proposing to amend the definition of "small institution" to mean an institution with total assets of less than \$500 million, without regard to any holding company assets.

This change would take into account substantial institutional asset growth and consolidation in the banking and thrift industries since the definition was adopted. The proposal would increase the number of institutions that are eligible for evaluation under

the small institution performance standards, while only slightly reducing the portion of the nation's bank and thrift assets that is subject to evaluation under the large retail institution performance standards.

Second, in order to better address abusive lending practices in CRA evaluations, the agencies are proposing to amend the regulations to provide explicitly that an institution's CRA evaluation will be adversely affected by evidence of specified discriminatory, illegal, or abusive practices by the institution or by an affiliate whose loans were considered in the evaluation as part of the institution's own CRA record.

In addition, the agencies also propose several enhancements to the loan data disclosed in CRA public evaluations and CRA disclosure statements.

The agencies encourage comments from the public and regulated financial institution on all aspects of this NPR, in order to ensure a full discussion of the issues. Comments must be received by April 6, 2004.

###

Attachment:

- February 6, 2004, Federal Register, pages 5729-5747
- February 6, 2004, Federal Register, pages 5729-5747 PDF 121k (PDF Help)

Media Contacts:

 Federal Reserve
 Susan Stawick
 (202) 452-2955

 FDIC
 David Barr
 (202) 898-6992

 OCC
 Robert M. Garsson
 (202) 874-5770

 OTS
 Chris Smith
 (202) 906-6677

FDIC-PR-11-2004