# RTC REVIEW 

John E Ryan, Deputy and Acting Chief Executive Officer

* 746 Thrifts Resolved by RTC from its Inception in August 1989 Through April 1995. 25.0 Million Deposit Accounts have been Protected.
* One Institution Resolved in March. One ARP in April.
* RTC Sold or Collected Assets with a Book Value of \$2.0 Billion in March, \$444 Billion, Net of Assets Put Back to RTC, Since Inception.
* Recoveries on Asset Reductions Totaled \$1.3 Billion (66\% of Book Value) in March, $\mathbf{\$ 3 8 8}$ Billion ( $87 \%$ of Book Value) Since Inception.


## RTC CASELOAD

In April, the RTC resolved one institution under the Accelerated Resolution Program (ARP) to bring the total number of resolutions to 746 since the inception of the RTC in 1989. As of March 31, 1995, the RTC held no conservatorship institutions.

## ASSET INYENTORY

In March, the amount of assets under RTC management decreased from $\$ 23$ billion to $\$ 21$ billion. The decrease in assets reflects the ongoing sales effort by the RTC to reduce its asset inventory. The $\$ 21$ billion of assets under RTC management on March 31 consisted of: $\$ 2$ billion in cash and securities, $\$ 3$ billion in performing 1-4 family mortgages, $\$ 3$
billion in other performing loans, $\$ 4$ billion in delinquent loans, $\$ 2$ billion in real estate, $\$ 4$ billion in investments in subsidiaries, and $\$ 2$ billion in other assets.

Most of the assets held by the RTC consisted of lower quality, less marketable assets. Thus, real estate and delinquent loans represented $29 \%$ of total assets. Cash, securities, and performing $1-4$ family mortgages represented only $26 \%$ of total assets. The $\$ 21$ billion excluded approximately $\$ 14$ billion in cash, liquid investments, reserve funds, and accounts receivable accumulated from receivership collections.

## TOTAL ASSETS UNDER RTC MANAGEMENT As of March 31, 1995


\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|lcc|}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { Percent } \\
\text { Amount } \\
\text { Gross Assets }\end{array}
$$ <br>

Cash \& Investment Securities * \& $$
\begin{array}{c}\text { \$1.4 }\end{array}
$$ \& 6.5 \%\end{array}\right]\)| Mortgage Backed Securities |
| :--- |

Data based on preliminary 3/31/95 information
Number of institutions: 745

* Excludes $\$ 14.0$ billion in cash, investments (including restricted investments), and accounts receivables accumulated by receiverships.


## ASSET REDUCTIONS

In March, the proceeds of asset sales and other principal collections were $\$ 1.3$ billion. This included $\$ 0.5$ billion in receivership sales, and $\$ 0.5$ billion from other receivership principal collections, $\$ 0.2$ billion in other conservatorship asset collections, $\$ 47$ million in sales proceeds from conservatorships, and $\$ 44$ million from resolution sales. From inception through March, the RTC collected $\$ 158$ billion from securities, $\$ 104$ billion from $1-4$ family mortgages, $\$ 56$ billion from other mortgages, $\$ 31$ billion from non-mortgage loans, $\$ 17$ billion from real estate, and $\$ 23$ billion from other assets.

In terms of book value, March sales and collections were $\$ 2.0$ billion. The average recovery rate on the collection of these assets was $66 \%$. During the month, the RTC recovered $100 \%$ from securities, $79 \%$ from $1-4$ family mortgages, $47 \%$ from other mortgages, $63 \%$ from non-mortgage loans, $47 \%$ from real estate, and $37 \%$ from other assets.

From the inception of the RTC through March, book value asset reductions were $\$ 444$ billion, and the RTC recovered $87 \%$ on these collections. From inception, the RTC has recovered $98 \%$ from securities, $96 \%$ from 1-4 family mortgages, $76 \%$ from other mortgages, $89 \%$ from non-mortgage loans, $55 \%$ from real estate, and $63 \%$ from other assets.

The RTC also collected $\$ 0.2$ billion in receivership income in March. From its inception to March 31, 1995, the RTC has collected $\$ 19.9$ billion in receivership income.

## QUARTERLY ASSET ACTIVITY

A look at RTC assets shows a steady decline in the inventory in each quarter from the first quarter of 1994 to the first quarter of 1995. As of March 31, 1995, the RTC controlled \$20.8 billion in assets, whereas it held $\$ 63.5$ billion
on December 31,1993 , a decline of $67 \%$. The reduction represents the continuing sales effort by the RTC, the resumption of RTC resolutions, and the fact that few thrifts were taken over by the RTC during 1994 and the first quarter of 1995.

Payments and maturities of conservatorship assets decreased from $\$ 2.2$ billion during the first quarter of 1994 to $\$ 0.7$ billion in the first quarter of 1995, a $68 \%$ decline. Proceeds from the sales of conservatorship assets have also declined, from a high of $\$ 1.0$ billion in the fourth quarter of 1994 to a low of $\$ 0.3$ billion in the first quarter of 1995. The recovery rate on the disposition of conservatorship assets has remained relatively high from $95.9 \%$ in the first quarter of 1994 to $99.7 \%$ in the first quarter of 1995 .

Sales to acquirers of thrifts have declined due to the reduction of RTC's caseload. Resolution sales measured only $\$ 44$ million in the first quarter of 1995. In comparison, resolution sales were $\$ 1.3$ billion and $\$ 1.6$ billion in the second and third quarters of 1994, respectively.

Receivership payments and maturities dropped in the first quarter of 1995 to $\$ 1.0$ billion from the average $\$ 1.6$ billion for each quarter in 1994. Receivership sales declined significantly in the first quarter of 1995 to $\$ 1.1$ billion from the high of $\$ 4.2$ billion in the fourth quarter of 1994. Losses on the disposition of receivership assets have dropped from $\$ 4.5$ billion in the first quarter of 1994 to $\$ 1.6$ billion in the first quarter of 1995 . Most of the losses in the first quarter of 1994 were attributable to the disposition of Judgements and Deficiencies, which typically have a negligible recovery rate.

In disposing of assets, the recovery rate on asset book value has varied from a high of $71 \%$ in the third quarter of 1994 to a low of $55 \%$ in the first quarter of 1994 . The recovery

## ASSET COLLECTIONS

 CONSERVATORSHIPS, RESOLUTIONS AND RECEIVERSHIPS SALES AND COLLECTIONS
Inception through March 1995

|  | Conservatorships |  | Resolution Sales (Net) * | Receiverships |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales | Collections |  | Sales | Collections |  |
| Securities | \$81,530 | \$52,754 | \$25,490 | \$10,305 | \$7,678 | \$157.757 |
| 1-4 Family Mortgages | 28,854 | 17,015 | 15.585 | 32,128 | 0.898 | 104,375 |
| Other Mortgages | 7,752 | 11.954 | 5,670 | 20,041 | 10,296 | 55,723 |
| Other Loans | 5,880 | 11,298 | 3,632 | 5.140 | 4.558 | 30,506 |
| REO | 7.442 | 0 | 140 | 0,026 | 0 | 16,609 |
| Other Assets | 2.647 | 3,911 | 538 | 4,094 | 11,525 | 22,715 |
| Totals | \$114.104 | \$97,830 | \$51,054 | \$80,732 | \$43,954 | \$387,685 |

March 1995

|  | Conservatorships |  | Resolution Sales | Receiverships |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales | Coflections |  | Sales | Collections |  |
| Securities | \$8 | \$167 | \$13 | \$90 | \$260 | \$544 |
| 1-4 Family Mortgages | 8 | 4 | 0 | 168 | 35 | 214 |
| Other Mortgagos | 0 | 4 | 0 | 161 | 58 | 222 |
| Other Loans | 31 | 2 | 30 | 43 | 11 | 117 |
| REO | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 0 | 52 |
| Other Assets | 0 | 37 | 0 | 16 | 87 | 141 |
| TOTALS | \$47 | \$213 | \$44 | \$529 | \$457 | \$1,291 |

1995 Year to Date

|  | Conservatorships |  | Resolution Sales | Receiverships |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales | Collections |  | Sales | Collections |  |
| Socuritiea | \$49 | \$608 | \$13 | \$197 | \$347 | \$1,214 |
| 1-4 Family Mortgages | 87 | 17 | 0 | 402 | 108 | 612 |
| Other Mortgages | 13 | 5 | 0 | 298 | 179 | 495 |
| Other Loans | 48 | 6 | 30 | 51 | 43 | 180 |
| REO | 2 | 0 | 0 | 156 | 0 | 159 |
| Other Assets | 135 | 53 | 0 | 39 | 292 | 520 |
| TOTALS | \$334 | \$690 | \$44 | \$1,144 | \$967 | \$3,180 |

*Net Resolution Sales are net of all puthacks recorded to date.
Note: Receivership sales and collections include sales and collections of assets held by ATC in its corporate capacity.
The distribution of Receivership sales and collections for 1989 and 1990 is estimated.

## Quarterly Asset Activity

1994-1995
(Dollars In Billions)

|  | Quarter <br> 1995 | Quarter <br> 1994 | Quarter <br> 1994 | 2nd <br> 1994 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 1st } \\ \text { Quarter } \\ 1994 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Assets at Beginning of Period............................... | \$25.0 | \$36.5 | \$45.5 | \$54.2 | \$63.5 |
| CONERVATORSHIP ACTIVITY: |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADD: |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Conservatorship Assets....................................... | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| LESS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conservatorship Payments \& Maturities......................... | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Conservatorship Sales Proceeds................................ | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Loss on Sales......................................... | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Other Changes (add).................. | (0.5) | (0.8) | (1.3) | (0.6) | (1.1) |
| RESOLUTION \& RECEIVERSHIP ACTIVITY: |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADD: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accelerated Resolution Program Assets..................... | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| LESS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resolution Sales (Gross of Putbacks)............................ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.2 |
| Receivership Payments \& Maturities........ | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Receivership Sales Proceeds........... | 1.1 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.6 |
| Principal Losses..................... | 1.6 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 4.5 |
| Other Changes (add)............... | (0.1) | 0.3 | 0.5 | (0.6) | 0.0 |
| Total Assets at End of Period.................................... | \$20.8 | \$25.0 | \$36.5 | \$45.5 | \$54.2 |
| Recovery Rate on Asset Sales and Collections................ | 67\% | 66\% | 71\% | 66\% | 55\% |

rate in the first quarter of 1995 was $67 \%$. The RTC expects the total percentage of proceeds recovered to the asset book value reduction to decline, as lower quality assets are liquidated.

## THRIFT CLOSINGS

In April, the RTC closed one institution, bringing the total number closed since the inception of the RTC to 746. At the end of April, no institutions remained in the RTC's conservatorship program. As of the end of April, RTC resolutions had protected 25.0 million deposit accounts from financial loss. These accounts had an average account balance of $\$ 9,000$.

Through March 31, 1995 the RTC closed 745 thrifts. These institutions held $\$ 241$ billion in assets at the time of closure. Of the total, $\$ 51$ billion of assets, or $21 \%$, were sold to acquirers (after taking into account assets returned to the RTC under putback provisions of resolution transactions).

Estimated resolution costs for the 745 closed thrifts totaled $\$ 90.0$ billion. The $\$ 90.0$ billion represented $32 \%$ of their total liabilities at the time of resolution. These figures reflect the changes in estimated resolution costs made when preparing the RTC's 1994 yearend financial statements. If the insured deposits of all 745 institutions had been paid out to depositors, the estimated resolution cost would have been $\$ 94.7$ billion. The $\$ 4.7$ billion difference represented the estimated savings, or premiums, over insured deposit payout costs. For all resolutions since inception, these savings were equal to $3 \%$ of core deposits, represented by deposits with balances below $\$ 80,000$. More recently, savings have increased and were $9 \%$ of core deposits in 1994.

Some of the characteristics of the 745 resolutions were as follows:

Transaction Type Of the 745 cases, 495 were purchase and assumption transactions (P\&As), in which deposits, certain other liabilities, and a portion of the assets were sold to acquirers. Another 158 were insured deposit transfers (IDTs), in which the acquiring institutions served as paying agents for the RTC, established accounts on their books for the depositors of the failed institutions, and acquired some of their assets in many cases. The remaining 92 were insured deposit payoffs (POs) in which the RTC directly paid depositors their insured deposits and retained all of the assets.

Most attractive franchises were resolved using P\&As, and these acquirers paid considerably higher premiums over deposit payoff costs: $3.18 \%$ of core deposits, compared to $0.67 \%$ for IDTs. Although only $66 \%$ of RTC resolutions were P\&As, these transactions accounted for $82 \%$ of the deposits that have been made whole by the RTC from its inception through March 1995.

The P\&A transactions included 37 Accelerated Resolution Program (ARP) cases, in which the institutions were closed without first being placed in the conservatorship program.

Type of Acquirer Banks acquired 432 of the resolved institutions, while thrifts acquired 221 from inception through March 31, 1995.

Number of Bids $43 \%$ of the institutions attracted two or fewer bids; $21 \%$ attracted three or four bids; and $37 \%$ attracted five or more bids.


Thrift Size Whereas $77 \%$ of the resolved institutions had assets of less than $\$ 250$ million, there have been 57 resolutions of thrifts with more than $\$ 1$ billion in assets. These 57 thrifts accounted for $58 \%$ of the assets held by resolved thrifts.

Location Texas represented the state with the most resolutions. Other states with a large number of resolutions were California, Louisiana, Illinois, and Florida. Resolved institutions from Texas and California held the most assets, followed by Florida.

Assets Sold to Acquirers In $58 \%$ of the cases, less than $25 \%$ of the assets were sold to ac-
quirers. However, in 57 cases, $75 \%$ or more of the assets were passed to acquirers.

## Savings Over Insured Deposit Payout Costs

 Estimated savings over insured deposit payout costs were less than $1 \%$ of core deposits in 49\% of the resolutions; however, these resolutions represented only $39 \%$ of total assets.
## RECEIVERSHIP TERMINATIONS

Since the inception of the Receivership Termination Program in July 1992, 196 receiverships which had $\$ 14.4$ billion in total gross assets at the time of takeover have been terminated. The percentage of total dividends

| Receivership Terminations Inception Through March 1995 (Dollars In Billions) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Receiverships Terminated or in Process of Termination (1) $\qquad$ | 196 |
| Book Value of Assets at Takeover. | \$14.4 |
| Book Value of Assets at Resolution | \$9.6 |
| Book Value of Assets Sold and Collected at Resolution or in Receivership. $\qquad$ | \$9.2 |
| Cash Proceeds from Assets Sold and Collected <br> at Resolution or in Receivership $\qquad$ | \$8.2 |
| Total Book Value Purchased by Corporation............... | \$0.5 |
| Estimated Cash Proceeds from Assets Purchased by Corporation........... | \$0.2 |
| Total Dividends from Terminating Receiverships (2)............................ | \$7.6 |
| Total Proven Claims on Terminating Receiverships. | \$10.2 |
| Pct. Dividends to Proven Claims.. | 75\% |
| (1) Refers to receiverships that the RTC has approved for termination and which have paid a final dividend. Sixteen receiverships did not have remaining funds to pay a final dividend. |  |
| (2) All payments paid to the RTC and other proven claimants over time on an undiscounted basis. Excludes $\$ 981$ million in repayments of RTC advances. |  |
| Notes: Data exclude general claims proved and dividends paid to pass-ttrough receivership creditors. Data exclude general unsecured creditors for institutions in depositor preference states. Data are preliminary. |  |

paid to proven claimants was $75 \%$ with $\$ 7.6$ billion of total dividends being paid on total proved claims of $\$ 10.2$ billion. The difference between the proven claims of the terminating receiverships and the actual total dividend paid represents the negative book value net worth at time of resolution, minus any deposit premiums paid by acquirers, plus all post-conservatorship asset losses, expenses, and adjustments. Virtually all claims ( $99.91 \%$ ) were from the RTC.

The 196 terminating receiverships had resolution and receivership book value reductions of $\$ 9.2$ billion, and recovered $\$ 8.2$ billion in cash proceeds from resolution and receivership sales and collections to the general public. The corporation purchased $\$ 450$ million in assets from these institutions for $\$ 244$ million. After the corporate purchase, the corporation has received $\$ 169$ million in cash proceeds from sales and collections on assets with a book value of \$311 million.

In the RTC Receivership Termination program, the remaining assets of a receivership are purchased by the corporation and placed into a corporate pool for disposition. Final dividends are paid out to proved claimants of the receivership, other liabilities are written off, and the receivership is terminated.

## SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

From its inception through March 31, 1995, the RTC obtained $\$ 111$ billion in funds from the following external sources: $\$ 50$ billion in FIRREA appropriations, $\$ 41$ billion in subsequent loss funds authorized by Acts of Congress, and $\$ 20$ billion in Federal Financing Bank (FFB) borrowings. The RTC also obtained $\$ 117$ billion in recoveries from receiverships.

The FIRREA appropriations include $\$ 30.1$ billion from REFCORP, $\$ 18.8$ billion in Treasury funding, and $\$ 1.2$ billion in FHLB

contributions. The Resolution Trust Corporation Funding Act of 1991 and the RTC Refinancing, Restructuring, and Improvement Act of 1991 provided for an additional $\$ 30$ billion and $\$ 25$ billion, respectively, in loss funds through Treasury appropriations. The Improvement Act allowed the RTC to obligate funds for new resolutions up to April 1, 1992. On April 30, 1992, the RTC returned $\$ 18.3$ billion to the Treasury Department that had not been obligated by the April 1, 1992 deadline. The RTC Completion Act, enacted into law on December 17, 1993, authorized the Treasury to provide the RTC with up to $\$ 18.3$ billion in loss funds. If more than $\$ 10$ billion is needed, the Secretary of the Treasury must certify that the RTC is complying with specified management reforms. As of March 31, 1995, $\$ 4$ billion of the $\$ 18.3$ billion had been released by the Thrift Depositor Protection Oversight Board to fund resolutions.

Working capital, obtained from the FFB, is used for the temporary funding of assets retained by the RTC when institutions are resolved. Working capital has also been used to replace high-cost liabilities and meet liquidity needs of conservatorship institutions. The RTC's outstanding borrowings and other liabilities are subject to a limitation prescribed by FIRREA.

The 745 resolutions through March 31 required outlays of $\$ 216.3$ billion from the RTC. Interest on FFB borrowings was $\$ 9.3$ billion. This left $\$ 2.9$ billion in cash on hand on March 31.

## NEWS NOTES

RTC TO OFFER HYBRID S-SERIES, NSERIES INITIATIVE

The RTC is seeking to prequalify bidders for its introductory $1995-\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N} 1$ initiative, which has an approximate book value of $\$ 500$ million.

The $1995-\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N} 1$ initiative is a hybrid of the RTC's S-Series and N-Series programs, in which non-performing and sub-performing mortgage loan assets are pooled together in a business trust.

With the new 1995-S/N1 initiative, the RTC will retain the debt certificates and sell a 49 percent interest in the equity certificates to a general operating partner. The RTC will remain a 51 percent limited partner. The general operating partner is responsible for the servicing and disposition of the loans underlying the certificates.

1995-S/N1 is comprised of sub-performing and non-performing commercial and multifamily mortgage loans stratified into pools based on asset quality, type, and geographic
location. Qualified operating partners may bid on one or more pools.

The RTC anticipates that the upcoming 1995$\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N} 1$ will require an equity investment similar to previous S-Series transactions, ranging from $\$ 12.5$ million (for a pool with a market value of $\$ 35.9$ million) to $\$ 14.5$ million (for a pool with a market value of $\$ 51.5$ million).

A schedule of tentative key dates for the 1995S/N1 transaction follows:


Information about 1995-S/N1 and requests for a bidders' information package, including procedures to prequalify for bidding, may be directed to David LaSaee at 202-588-2220 or Joel Cooper at 212-406-2700 of W.R. Lazard and Co., Inc.

## FURTHER INFORMATION

All RTC public documents, including RTC press releases and policy statements, are available from the RTC Reading Room at 202-416-6940. Written requests should be mailed to the RTC Reading Room, 801 17th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20434-0001.

To receive the RTC Review monthly, write to: RTC Office of Corporate Communications, 10th Floor, RTC Review Mailing List, 801 17th Street, NW, Washington, DC 204340001.

|  |  | RTC Resolutions Inception to March 31, 1995 (Dollars in Billions) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deal Type * | Number of Cases | Total Assets | Estimated Savings Over Payout Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimated } \\ \text { Savings/ } \\ \text { Core Deposits } \star \star \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percentage of Assets Passed*** | Total <br> Deposits | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Accounts } \\ & \text { (000's) } \end{aligned}$ |
| IDT | 158 | \$30.3 | \$0.1 | 0.67 \% | 12.43 \% | \$31.0 | 2,985 |
| PA | 495 | 203.0 | 4.6 | 3.18 | 23.33 | 180.9 | 21,396 |
| PO | 92 | 7.8 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.4 | 619 |
| Total | 745 | \$241.1 | \$4.7 | 2.77\% | 21.18\% | \$220.2 | 24,999 |

* Deal Type:

IDT $=$ Insured Deposit Transfer
PA = Purchase of Assets and Assumption of Liabilities
PO = Insured Deposit Payoff
** Core deposits are estimated as deposits with balances below $\$ 80,000$.
*** Assets passed are net of putbacks.
Note: Asset and estimated cost data reflect post-closing revisions and may differ from data previously released. Number of Accounts are as of quarter before resolution.

|  | Commonly Dialed RTC Telephone Numbers |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |



|  | Asset Reductions By Type of Asset (Dollars in Millions) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inception Through 3/31/95 | March 1995 | $\begin{gathered} 1995 \\ \text { To Date } \end{gathered}$ |
| Cash \& Securities |  |  |  |
| Book Value Reduction | \$161,206 | \$545 | \$1,219 |
| Discount from Book Value | 3,449 | 1 | 5 |
| Sales \& Principal Collections | 157,757 | 544 | 1,214 |
| 1-4 Family Mortgages |  |  |  |
| Book Value Reduction | 108,426 | 271 | 710 |
| Discount from Book Value | 4,051 | 57 | 97 |
| Sales \& Principal Collections | 104,375 | 214 | 612 |
| Other Mortgages |  |  |  |
| Book Value Reduction | 73,584 | 477 | 1,201 |
| Discount from Book Value | 17,862 | 255 | 706 |
| Sales \& Principal Collections | 55,723 | 222 | 495 |
| Other Loans |  |  |  |
| Book Value Reduction | 34,335 | 185 | 349 |
| Discount from Book Value | 3,829 | 68 | 170 |
| Sales \& Principal Collections | 30,506 | 117 | 180 |
| Real Estate |  |  |  |
| Book Value Reduction | 30,110 | 111 | 339 |
| Discount from Book Value | 13,502 | 59 | 180 |
| Sales \& Principal Collections | 16,609 | 52 | 159 |
| Other Assets |  |  |  |
| Book Value Reduction | 35,937 | 376 | 949 |
| Discount from Book Value | 13,222 | 236 | 429 |
| Sales \& Principal Collections | 22,715 | 141 | 520 |
| Total Assets |  |  |  |
| Book Value Reduction | 443,599 | 1,966 | 4,767 |
| Discount from Book Value | 55,914 | 676 | 1,587 |
| Sales \& Principal Collections | \$387,685 | \$1,291 | \$3,180 |

Notes: Data for inception through March 31, 1995 are net of putbacks recorded to date.
Data exclude asset transfers between receiverships, subsidiaries,
and RTC Corporate.
Resolution sales are shown at book value. Proceeds of assets sales at resolution are not separable from amounts paid for deposits of resolved thritts.

## Beginning Assets and Asset Reductions Inception Through March 1995 <br> (Dollars in Billions)

745 Resolved Institutions

/1 Excludes $\$ 14.0$ billion in cash, investments (including restricted investments), and accounts receivables accumulated by receiverships.
/2 Transfer of REO from one subsidiary to a receivership is included in Other Changes.
/3 Includes net losses on sales, charge-offs of goodwill and certain equity investments and other assets, accumulation and investment of cash, and new loans and asset purchases. For receiverships, accounting adjustments made at resolution are also included.

14 Includes asset balance adjustments and principal losses.

